Name and Surname : 10/.....

Grade/Class

**Mathematics Teacher:** 

Hudson Park High School



GRADE 10 MATHEMATICS June Examination Paper

Marks

100

Time

2 hours

Examiner FRD Date

20 May 2019

Moderator(s)

SLT, PHL, CYT, GWS

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- Illegible work, in the opinion of the marker, will earn zero marks. 1.
- Number your answers clearly and accurately, exactly as they appear on the question 2. paper.
- Start each QUESTION at the top of a page. 3. **NB** 
  - Leave 2 lines open between each of your answers.
- Fill in the details requested on the front of this Question Paper 4. **NB** and staple your submission in the following manner:
  - Question Paper (on top)
  - Answers (at the back)
- Employ relevant formulae and show all working out. Answers alone may not be 5. awarded full marks.
- (Non-programmable and non-graphical) Calculators may be used, unless their usage 6. is specifically prohibited.
- Round off answers to 2 decimal places, where necessary, unless instructed otherwise. 7.
- If (Euclidean) Geometric statements are made, reasons must be stated appropriately. 8.

## QUESTION 1: [4 marks]

1.1. Consider the following expression and answer the questions that follow:

$$\frac{\sqrt{2x-3}}{x-2}$$

For what vaues of x will the expression be:

1.1.1. Non-real
1.1.2. Undefined

1.2. Give one integer value of x for which the expression will be a rational number. 1

#### **QUESTION 2:** [5 marks]

CALCULATORS MAY NOT BE USED IN THIS QUESTION.

2.1. Rewrite 3,  $\dot{5}\dot{6}$  as a rational number.

2.2. Between which two integers does  $\sqrt[3]{157}$  lie? Show working out.  $\underline{2}$ 

#### QUESTION 3: [6 marks]

Simplify the following:

3.1. 
$$3x^{\frac{1}{2}}(4x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}})$$
  $\underline{2}$ 

3.2. 
$$4(3x-5y)^2-(4x-y)(x+y)+(2x+y)(2x-y)$$

#### QUESTION 4: [8 marks]

Factorise the following completely:

4.1. 
$$2p^2q^2 + 2pq - 8p^3q^3$$

4.2. 
$$3x^2 - 15x - 18$$

4.3. 
$$8a^3 - 1$$

4.4. 
$$(x^2+1)^2-7(x^2+1)+10$$

# QUESTION 5: [8 marks]

Simplify the following completely:

5.1. 
$$\frac{2}{3x} - \frac{3}{2x} + 1$$
  $\underline{3}$ 

5.2. 
$$\frac{x^2-4}{x} \times \frac{x}{2x^2+8} \div \frac{4x-2x^2}{x}$$

### QUESTION 6; [9 marks]

6.1. 
$$\frac{2^{1+n} \cdot 2^{3n-2}}{2^{4n+1}}$$

6.2. 
$$\frac{12^{n+1} \cdot 9^{2n-1}}{36^n \cdot 8^{1-n}}$$

6.3. 
$$\frac{5.2^{x}-4.2^{x-2}}{2^{x}-2^{x-1}}$$
 without a calculator

## QUESTION 7: [31 marks]

#### 7.1. Solve for x:

7.1.1. 
$$2^x = \frac{1}{32}$$
 Without calculators  $\underline{2}$ 

7.1.2. 
$$3^{2x} - 7.3^x - 18 = 0$$

7.1.3. 
$$\frac{3x}{x-2} - \frac{x+1}{x+2} = \frac{2}{x^2-4}$$

$$7.1.4. \quad ab^2 = 2abx - ax$$

7.1.5. 
$$5x + 7 \ge 29 - 6x$$

$$7.1.6. \quad -4 \le \frac{2-3x}{2} < 8$$

7.1.7. 
$$x^{\frac{-2}{3}} = 10$$

7.1.8. 
$$6x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5x^{\frac{5}{4}} - 6 = 0$$

### 7.2. Solve for a and b:

$$a + 3b = 5$$
 and  $2a - b = 2$ 

### **QUESTION 8:** [8 marks]

Consider the following number pattern:

23; 19; 15; ...

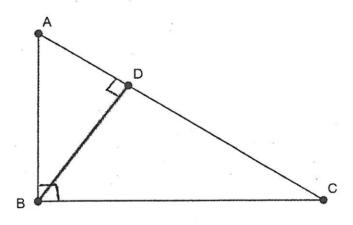
- 8.1. Write down the next two terms.  $\underline{1}$
- 8.2. Determine the general term  $T_n$  for the pattern. Simplify your answer.  $\underline{2}$
- 8.3. Determine the value of the 250<sup>th</sup> term.
- 8.4. Is -100 a term of the pattern? Show working out.

#### QUESTION 9: [3 marks]

3x - 1; 2x + 3; 2x - 1 are the first three terms of a linear number pattern. Determine the value of x.

3

#### OUESTION 10: [2 marks]



Consider the diagram above and then answer the questions below:

Write down two ratios for sin A in terms of AB, AC, BC, AD, DC and/or BD.

2

### QUESTION 11: [11 marks]

11.1. If  $\hat{A}=62.8^{\circ}$  and  $\hat{B}=47.3^{\circ}$ , determine the following:

11.1.1. 
$$\sin \frac{A}{3}$$

11.1.2. 
$$\frac{\tan B}{2}$$

1

11.1.3. 
$$\cos A - 3$$

11.1.4. 
$$3sin^2B$$
 1

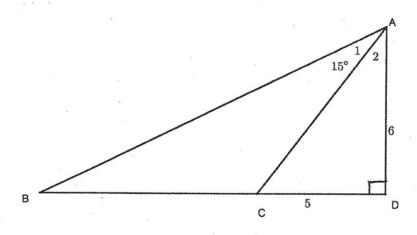
11.2. Solve for  $\theta$ 

11.2.1. 
$$sin\theta = 0.683 \ for \ \theta \in [0^\circ; 90^\circ]$$

11.2.2. 
$$4\cos(3\theta - 47^\circ) = 2,88 \text{ for } (3\theta - 47^\circ) \epsilon[0^\circ; 90^\circ]$$

11.2.3. 
$$3 + 5\tan\theta = \frac{7}{\sin 35^{\circ}}$$
  $\Theta \in [0^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}]$ 

#### QUESTION 12: [5 marks]



Consider triangle ABD above. AD = 6, CD = 5 and  $\widehat{A_1}$  = 15°. Line AD is perpendicular to line BD.

Determine the following:

12.1. size of 
$$\widehat{A_2}$$

TOTAL: 100 MARKS